Safety First!! (Principles of Stage Combat)

- ~ If it isn't safe, don't do it!
- ~ *Acted Aggression* The illusion of violence. The audience is led to believe what you show them, while you are still relaxed and in complete control of the Action.
- ~ *Control Person* The person being Acted Upon, (choke hold, hair pull, etc.), is in complete control of the Action. The person Doing the Action is instead passively following their partner.
- ~ *Tue-Reaction-Action* In moves requiring you to pass your hand, weapon, etc. through the line of your opponent, your <u>Cue</u> instigates their <u>Reaction</u>, and this instigates your <u>Action</u>. This ensures they are out of the way before you Act.
- Direction of Energy The illusion of sending energy towards a target, while actually directing it to a safe area.
- ~ *Eye Contact* The confirmation that both of you are ready.
- ~ *Knaps* Producing a sound to represent a hit. 4 types: 1st Person, 2nd Person, 3rd Person, Shared.
- ~ *Music of the Blades* Weapons lightly contact to produce ringing tones instead of dull, damaging whacks.
- ~ Off Line The direction of your Action is not in a line towards your partner, but instead, outside of their body. (Usually 6 to 8 inches).
- Out of Distance You are too far away to actually make contact with your partner.
 (Usually 6 to 8 inches).
- ~ *Pulling a Blade* When slashing or cutting through, you lead with the pommel and keep the blade pulled back towards yourself, increasing the safe distance.
- ~ Secondaries A second, unintentional threat such as an elbow, pommel or butt-end of staff that requires special caution.
- ~ Soft Falls

- 1. Before falling, reduce the distance between you and the floor.
- 2. Use only soft parts of the body avoid knees, elbows, head, etc.
- 3. Use knaps to give the illusion of hard contact.



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